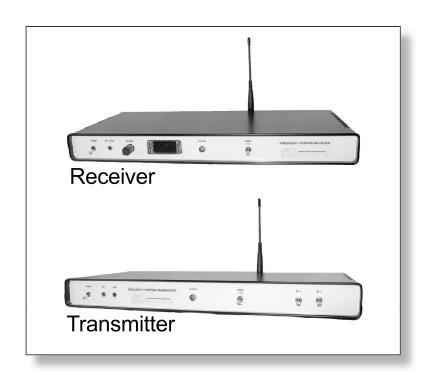


Air Force Research Laboratory AFRL

Science and Technology for Tomorrow's Air and Space Force

Success Story

NEW TECHNOLOGY PROVIDES POWERFUL SECURITY PROTECTION FOR WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS



The Sensors Directorate sponsored new technology developed by Robert Gold Comm Systems, Inc. (RGCS) under a Phase II Fast Track Small Business Innovation Research program. This technology provides powerful security protection for wireless computer networks, cell phones, and other radio communications. Benefits include highly secure communications with the overhead of encryption and selective addressability of receivers, individually or in groups.



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Accomplishment

Dr. Gold developed a self-synchronizing and selective addressing algorithm based on times-of-arrival (TOA) measurements of a frequency-hopping radio system. These algorithms allow a monitor to synchronize to a frequency-hopping radio in a network by making relatively brief observations of the TOAs on a single frequency.

RGCS designed the algorithms for integration into spread-spectrum, frequency-hopping systems widely used for wireless communications such as wireless fidelity computer networks, cellular phones, and two-way radios used by the military, police, firefighters, ambulances, and commercial fleets.

Background

Although very convenient for users, wireless communication is extremely vulnerable to eavesdropping. For example, hackers frequently access wireless computer networks (laptop computers linking to the network).

Encrypting the data increases the security of these networks, but encryption is complex, inconvenient, time consuming for users, and adds a significant amount of overhead information that reduces data throughput. In frequency-hopping (spread-spectrum) networks now in wide use, users protect the data by sending it in brief spurts, with the transmitter and receiver skipping in a synchronized pattern among hundreds of frequencies. An intruder without knowledge of the synchronization pattern would just hear static.

A major vulnerability of many spread-spectrum networks involves compromising the network security by intercepting unprotected information. Originators must send the sync pattern information to authorized receivers, often unprotected.

The Gold algorithms support code-division multiple access, frequency-hopping multiple access, and ultra-wide-band spread-spectrum communication systems. They are designed for incorporation into enhanced versions of existing products, most of which already include circuitry that manufacturers can adapt to implement the technology.

Sensors Emerging Technologies

Additional information

To receive more information about this or other activities in the Air Force Research Laboratory, contact TECH CONNECT, AFRL/XPTC, (800) 203-6451 and you will be directed to the appropriate laboratory expert. (03-SN-21)